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ETNA LIFE INS. CO.,
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Cash Assets, over \$10,000,000
The Georgia
HOME FIRE INS. CO.,
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Cash Assets, \$426,000
The State
[FIRE] INSURANCE CO.,
OF NASHVILLE, TENN.
Capital, \$200,000
Office: 293 Main st.
— WITH THE —
GERMAN NATIONAL BANK.
PUBLIC LEDGER.
J. J. DeBOSE, Editor.
J. HARVEY MATHEWS, City Editor.
E. WHITMORE, Business Manager.
Office, No. 13 Madison Street.
MEMPHIS:
Wednesday Evening, June 9, 1899.

ELECTION BY NEGROES AND GOVERNOR SENTER.
The Washington Star, a Republican paper, deprecates the disgraceful conduct of the negroes at the municipal election yesterday, and says the experiment of the negro suffrage, so far, is a failure, and the brutal conduct of the blacks will raise insurmountable barriers in the way of their future progress and elevation. It is known that many people, including hundreds of negroes, who would have voted the Citizen's ticket, were kept from the polls through fear of violence. The radicals are trying to hush the matter, and feel solicitous about the welfare of un-reconstructed Mississippi and Texas.

This is the ripest fruit of universal suffrage, which action is so persistently advocated by some of the short-sighted newspapers of the country. The Star, a Republican sheet, admits that the experiment of negro suffrage, so far, is a failure; and we were convinced, before the trial was had, that ignorant cornfield hands could not in a day be fitted to exercise the delicate rights of making proper legislators and governors. The fact is not at all astonishing that these dum, driven cattle should be enabled to act the part of wise law makers, when their minds are a chaos of confused ideas. If any one is reflecting turn of mind would stand as we have and behold a herd of black Ethiopian voters crowding up to the polls to deposit their ballots, like so many wild cattle in a slaughter-pen, he could but exclaim, "Oh, liberty, what a mockery is a Republican government." The thought of universal suffrage is a wild, chimerical scheme of politicians who would make their fortunes out of the miseries and unfortunate state of the country. They expected by advocating this to be able again to place themselves and friends in power, if but a few years. But we imagine that the Tennessee disfranchised can be restored to their rights without first swallowing down negro suffrage. Governor Senter, who proclaims himself in favor of enfranchising all tax-payers in the State, don't require that these men shall compromise themselves by declaring for universal suffrage. It is true that Mr. Senter's platform is universal suffrage, but he will not say to the disfranchised, swear to support the negro in his right to vote, before you receive back your lost heritage. We do not propose to trade on that basis, as the votaries of the African would imagine. The simple words of the contract between Governor Senter and the Conservatives who will vote for him, is that if elected he will favor the enfranchising of all white men in the State who have been deprived of this right since the war for participating in the rebellion. There is no compromise with us in principle in accepting and voting for Governor Senter for the next Governor of the State.

We expect to give a hearty support to this gentleman on the condition as expressed by himself, and which will be accepted by the Conservatives in this end of the State. If Governor Senter and his white friends would secure for themselves the favorable consideration of the true men in the State, then stand for their freedom, and they will not hesitate hereafter in conferring any office upon them that might be within their gift. We will vote for Senter for the next Governor, believing him to be the white man's candidate, as opposed to Stokes, who is running for and expects to be elected by the negro vote of the State. Of the two evils we shall prefer the least.

Reply to Avalanche and Appeal.
EDITORS LEDGER: In reading the *Avalanche* and *Appeal* of yesterday, I find that both papers have come out in articles denunciatory of the Southern men who saw proper, in the late judicial election, to throw their influence for William M. Smith for Chancellor. The article of the *Avalanche* is written in its characteristic style of elegant comparison and chaste English, and the *Appeal* follows like a shadow its illustrious contemporary and model in an effusion weakly abusive and ludicrously vindictive. As the last article seems to be a diluted edition of the first, we will confine our remarks to the former. Perhaps it may be as well to say, in time, that I do not propose to imitate the example set by both these journals in bedecking with foul epithets men who happen honestly to differ from us in their ideas and opinions. I propose to throw so "bricks" at the *Avalanche* or those who supported Judge Caruthers for Chancellor. I am led to this by one consideration—namely, that the "brick" as an offensive weapon is generally the first resort of the blackguard and bully, and

for that reason fit only to be used by the *Avalanche* and papers of that ilk. But my principal object in writing this communication is to reply to the abusive and malicious article in that journal.

The men who differed with it—and the writer is one of them—are accused of being miscreants, false and untrue to the Democratic party, and as deserters from the fold of the true faith. Now, in order to sustain this very grave charge, it must appear that we have belonged to the so-called Democratic party. To be a traitor or false to, or a deserter from a cause one must first have espoused it. And if it is true that we—and with us nine-tenths of the community—are not, and never have been in sympathy or communion with this party, then we have shown that we are not traitors, and that the *Avalanche* has been guilty of a falsehood in characterizing us as such.

Indeed, it would puzzle one to know who or what composed the present Democratic party. Its principles, when collected from the two newspapers above referred to, are composed of a piebald mixture of negro suffrage and anti-negro suffrage, which no honest man can harmonize, and out of which no sensible one can extract a principle. Its leading feature seems to be hatred to the radicals, and a weakness for the offices of the country. The latter characteristic, however, is equally prominent with the former, and if half the outrageous sins with which they charge each other are true, they certainly all deserve, individually and collectively, to be hanged.

The Confederates have been disfranchised, and nine-tenths of them have stood aloof from all party association since the war, simply because they sympathized with no party, and should they ever be enfranchised, I feel certain would spurn with contempt any association with either the principles or many of the persons sought by the *Avalanche* to be foisted upon the country. They have thought best not to commit themselves to either party, but have left themselves free to support the men and the measures as occasion might require most likely to advance the public good. In the late contest for Chancellor, for instance, there were three candidates, each of whom subscribed to an oath which *per se* was the enemy of every man who fought in the Confederate army, unless he has perjured himself for the sake of office, which we will not presume. To which one did we owe our support—palmably to no one of them—and it was left up to our option to give our moral assistance to the man best qualified for the position. It is true there might be a very decided difference of opinion among ourselves as to who this was, but the difference was one of judgment, and not of honest men may, and often do, differ very widely in a question of this sort. By what right, then, does the *Avalanche* presume to denounce Southern men as renegades and traitors who failed to support its candidate, when that candidate has solemnly sworn he never gave any aid or assistance to a cause which the *Avalanche* was wont to swear the most sacred for which man ever drew sword, and for which our best men have laid down their lives? The truth is that a few not-horse politicians, who took little or no part in the late bloody drama, now again lift up their foreheads of brass, and with all their old assurance, announce themselves the exponents of Southern chivalry, and denounce better men as recreant who do not follow them blindly in whatever insane project they propose, or vote for whatever scoundrel they see fit to impose on public endurance as an officer.

The gentleman who is so pointedly assailed in the *Avalanche* is too well known in this community to need any defense at my hands. I will say, however, that he did not act as some of his assailants, who, before the late war, branded as cowards and dastards men who were conscientiously opposed to its inauguration, and who, themselves, when the tug of war came, fled affrighted at a demon which they had conjured up, and hid themselves in post offices, editorial chairs or bomb-proof positions, either during the whole war, or until the lash of public scorn scourged them into a semblance of patriotism, and forced them to don the gray in nominal positions. On the contrary, though opposed to the war, when the editor of the *Avalanche* was madly urging it, he, when it could no longer be avoided, gave his whole heart to the cause, and was officer and longer under fire than that individual in all his "assured (imaginary) battles." He certainly was never a member of the present Democratic party, and could not have deserted it; and the writer, asserts, and can demonstrate, that nine-tenths of the true men of the South have never given any hearty support to this mongrel concern. If it be treason in him not to follow the *Avalanche* and its party, then are the writer and a majority of the men of the South traitors, and he wishes it and all its satellites to make the most of it.

The assertion of the *Avalanche* that the gentleman he so cowardly attacks is "banking upon the blood of slain kindred," is a lie. He does does not bank upon the blood of any dead hero; but if he proposed to "bank" upon any that the editor of the *Avalanche* shed, or was in danger of shedding, during the late struggle, then would he be as bankrupt in capital as the *Avalanche* is in honor or reputation. Further, it is an infamous lie that he has herded, or is herding, or in any manner affiliating with, the radicals of Memphis, and one which could only have originated in the brain of a man who, with hyena-like ferocity, would violate the grave of a slain son to stab the father.

OF THE LIVE.

Confederate Dead—Importance of an Association.
MEMPHIS, June 7, 1899.
EDITORS LEDGER: Several communications have of late appeared in your valuable paper suggesting the early formation of a "Confederate Memorial and Benevolent Association," the purposes of which your many readers have doubtless read. We know that there are many ex-Confederates, living in this city and throughout the South, who are more than anxious to organize some kind of society that will the better enable them to promote the interest and welfare of every sick and disabled Southern soldier as well as the afflicted and destitute widows and orphans of our dead comrades—many of whom are to-day sadly in distress, being without homes, clothing and food—and the more efficiently to protect, care and annually decorate the graves of the South's most noble, generous and brave defenders.

Yes, for our dead. It is time that we do something to protect their ashes from the further desecration that have of late been witnessed at Malvern Hill, Washington City, East Tennessee, especially that of Arlington Heights, and which

are such as to bring the most staid heart to tears. Ex-soldiers, let us unite and provide measures for the disinterment and transferring of our comrades from the soil of the hated Yankee—made so by their infamous conduct—to their own native States, and where we know they will not be insulted and trampled upon, and denounced as traitors, as they were the other day in an oration delivered by a black-hearted, religiously-robed, nasal-tongued and palm-swinging crowd, calling himself "Newman" and who is a chaplain of the United States Senate, one of the highest halls of legislation in the world. Hear him: "I hold that the representatives of this nation can never sanction the decoration of the Confederate soldiers' graves until it has been first decided by the Christian Church to pay honors to Judas Iscariot, and until we have ourselves agreed to commemorate Benedict Arnold." Noble words, indeed; falling, as they do, from the lips of one who has pledged himself to follow the instructions of our Savior, and to exhort "Peace on earth and good will to all men." And what is still worse, the oration has, in a manner, been approved by men calling themselves the brave soldiers—many, more, officers, of the "best government the world ever saw." Such deeds and expressions cannot come from the hearts of the true Federal soldiers, for they know we of the same land, same blood and of the same heart. But it is of Henry Ward Beecher, Greeley, Newman, Logan, Shirley, and all those of Loyal League notoriety, who perpetuate discord and strife among the living, and insult the honor and the graves of the dead Southern soldier. Yes, men who never had the courage to meet us upon the field, but made war upon women and children who fell victims to their mercy. Men who took from our mothers, wives and sisters the last crust, turning them out of doors in the cold; stripping them of the last garment they had, and frightening them with threats of violence. Men who followed in the wake of the armies and insulted, abused, and, in many instances, violated the persons of the fair women of our South by brute force; and who did all to burn and destroy our homes, cities and towns, as well as to lay waste our beautiful and prosperous land, the pride of our hearts. Men who incited the negroes, once our slaves—and who are even this day drilling and arming the same—to insurrection and murder. Men who murdered, in many instances, our sick and wounded soldiers when prisoners. In fact, men who are characteristic of all crimes of arson, murder, rapine and theft. These are the men, and the only men, who now insult and taunt us, bound and helpless as we are; and who trade and deprecate the graves of our noble dead.

Then, Mr. Editor and comrades of the "Lost Cause," let us up and be doing. Come, one and all, on Wednesday evening, June 16 (the place of meeting will be given at an early day), and organize and improvise means necessary to carry out the charitable objects proposed. Don't let us be weighed and found wanting when the uplifted hands of the Confederate orphan, the imploring tears of our bereaved widows and the groans of the sick and maimed of our brothers for help are seen and heard. No! Come forward; wheel into line as one man, and let us act, now in these our days of oppression and suffering, as well as in the future, with the same spirit as was our own in days of freedom and glory. Let our motto be "Honor to our dead; protection to our sick and maimed brothers, and care for our widows and orphans."

HIGH PRIVATE.

To the Members of the Executive Committee of the Democratic Party of Shelby County.
GENTLEMEN: The election to be held in August for Governor and for members of the Legislature is one of great and vital interest to the people of this city, county, and of the whole State; and it is therefore a matter of the first importance that the Democratic party should achieve success, and it is believed that with a complete and thorough organization and a vigorous campaign that desirable object can be obtained. To do this, great labor and unremitting and persevering effort will be required from every member of the committee; and, in view of that fact, at the last meeting of the committee, a resolution was adopted requesting and requiring me, as chairman of the committee, to issue a call for the committee, and to state therein that all those members who were unable or unwilling to attend all its meetings, and to perform their proportion of the labor cheerfully, should be considered as having resigned, and their places be filled by others who will perform their duties; and, further, that those who did not attend at the next meeting, unless unable to do so by reason of sickness or temporary absence from the city, who cannot meet the requirements, and hence their names will be dropped. The following are the names of the committee:

H. Townsend, J. Harvey Mathews, Robt. Good, Paul Cincella, E. W. Caldwell, B. Haynes, A. D. Hunter, H. Irby, F. C. Stephenson, A. Seessel, J. W. Page, J. E. Kandle, W. R. Hunt, J. O. Dunn, J. M. Keating, N. S. Bruce and A. Woodward. And they are requested to meet at Democratic headquarters, No. 265 1/2 Second street, on Monday, the 14th inst., at 2 o'clock p.m. By order of the committee.

A. WOODWARD, Ch'mn.

Forrest Hill.
A grand concert and supper is to be given at Forrest Hill on the 24th of June for the benefit of the Baptist Church at Germantown. Extensive arrangements are being made for the occasion by the ladies of Germantown, and the affair in their hands, judging from the past, is likely to be a success. A fine string band is going out from the city, and it is estimated that at night there will be something terpsichorean. A special train will be run, it is understood, to suit the convenience of those going from the city.

Low, Lower, Lowest.
WE HAVE IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE,
Western Produce Generally.
Consisting, in part, as follows:
All grades Flour, highest to lowest
Choice White-Corn Meal
Varieties Seed and Feeding Potatoes
Vinegar; best Hay, Corn, Oats,
Bran, Lime, Cement, Plaster, etc.
All of which we offer Lower than the Lowest.
W. P. WRIGHT & CO.
No. 11 Monroe street.

A pretty feature of the ceremonies of Decoration Day in Norwich, Conn., was the distribution of \$772 among the orphans of soldiers who died in the war.

The London dramatic season, just closed, has not been a success. Several of the leading theaters have not paid expenses, and it is feared that the influx of English theatrical performers to this country will next fall be greater than ever.

BY TELEGRAPH.
LATEST TO NOON TO-DAY.

BROWNSVILLE.
Supreme Court at Brownsville.
Special to the PUBLIC LEDGER.
BROWNSVILLE, TEX., June 9, 1 p.m.—
The case of Mount vs. Kesterson will be finished to-day.

NEW JERSEY.
NEWARK, June 9.—Senator Sprague spoke here about half an hour yesterday, reiterating his former opinion of national affairs. He said prosperity was unequal, and step by step the nation was losing its best interests and liberty. We want a corrective balance of power to prevent a few individuals from monopolizing power. We want money as cheap as it can be procured by the people of other countries, to promote industry. He advised the working-men to organize for their own protection.

NEW YORK.
New York, June 9.—In Lodie, New Jersey, yesterday, five men employed in the print works, who had been in the habit of drinking a beverage composed partly of oil of vitrol and alcohol, were poisoned by taking arsenic in their mixture through mistake for vitrol. Four of the men died within a few hours, and the fifth is apparently dying.

The Attorney General is said to have hesitated a long time before he furnished his recent opinion sustaining a Texas court martial in the trial of a citizen for the murder of a freedman. He said that his actual view of the law suggested an entirely opposite decision, but that General Butler said he would offer a resolution on the subject in the next session if he (Hoar) did not make an example of some of these fellows, and under this pressure the Court's opinion was made.

ALBANY, June 9.—In the National Typographical Convention, Isaac D. George was elected President, receiving forty-eight votes to thirty-two for D. W. Flynn and three scattering. Peter A. Crosby was elected First Vice President, W. P. Goodenough Second Vice President, John Collins Secretary and Treasurer, and W. A. Shields, Corresponding Secretary.

BOSTON.
BOSTON, June 9.—There was a general vocal rehearsal of about 500 voices in the Music Hall last evening, on which occasion Gilmore wielded the baton. The rehearsals were generally confined to the popular national airs, and such strains as Hail Columbia, Star Spangled Banner and the Hymn that once through Taree Hall, were among those which were rendered; other pieces were rehearsed with almost equal effect and with equal success.

The steamer Germania, from Bremen, and the Columbia, from Glasgow, arrived.

It is stated in a Cabinet meeting yesterday, among matters discussed, was the statutes of Georgia.

Attorney General Hoar submitted the general scope of his views thereon, as the basis of his opinion called for by the President, and the latter made some suggestions for the consideration of Mr. Hoar. What was the final conclusion has not transpired.

CALIFORNIA.
SAN FRANCISCO, June 9.—Major General Halleck and staff leave for Louisville, overland, to-morrow.

MISSISSIPPI.
JACKSON, June 9.—The Conservative Republicans of Mississippi have issued a call for a convention on the 23d of June. The call is signed by Jeffers, Ford, Fisk, Field, Warren, Moorman and Grady. They claim to be exponents of Grant's policy, repudiate the State Executive Committee and the extreme radicals, and insist that they are strictly in accordance with the Congressional plan, claiming that such a course will promote harmony and fraternal feeling between men of all sections and colors; and say, in conclusion, we can, and must, live together as friends. The call seems to be favorably received.

Domestic and Foreign Market Reports, as telegraphed to the "Public Ledger" by the Southern Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Company.

New York Cotton—June 9, 11 a.m.
Market opens quiet, but firmer. Sales at all ports yesterday, 3440 bales; receipts at all ports yesterday, 1497 bales.

UPLANDS.	MOBILE.
Ordinary.....20 1/2	Ordinary.....20 1/2
Good Ordinary.....21 1/2	Good Ordinary.....21 1/2
Low Middling.....22 1/2	Low Middling.....22 1/2
Middling.....23 1/2	Middling.....23 1/2
Good Middling.....24 1/2	Good Middling.....24 1/2

FLORIDA.

Ordinary.....20 1/2	Good Ordinary.....21 1/2
Low Middling.....22 1/2	Low Middling.....22 1/2
Middling.....23 1/2	Middling.....23 1/2
Good Middling.....24 1/2	Good Middling.....24 1/2

2 p.m.—Cotton demand fair and prices firm.

New York Money—June 9, 12 m.
Government firmer and more active. Sterling Exchange dull, 109 1/2 for prime Gold carrying at 6 1/2 per cent; with a firmer market, and large short-interests outstanding.

Gold.....109 1/2	20's new—1895-1896.....109 1/2
Bonds of 1891.....109 1/2	1892.....109 1/2
1893.....109 1/2	1894.....109 1/2
1895.....109 1/2	1896.....109 1/2
1897.....109 1/2	1898.....109 1/2
1899.....109 1/2	1900.....109 1/2

1 p.m.—Sterling Exchange steady, 109 1/2 for prime sixty-day bills.

Ten. Bonds old—6 1/2 per cent.....23 1/2
sales.....23 1/2

London Money—June 9, 2 p.m.
Twenty-twenty, 80 1/2; Erie, 18 1/2; Consols, 92 1/2; Illinois Central, 94 1/2; Bonds in Frankfurt, 86 1/2.

New York Stock—June 9, 12 m.
Market generally firm and active.

Gold.....109 1/2	High Central.....130 1/2
W. U. Telegraph.....45 1/2 <td>High Southern.....125 1/2 </td>	High Southern.....125 1/2
Chicago Central.....140 1/2 <td>Illinois Central.....140 1/2 </td>	Illinois Central.....140 1/2
Pacific Mail.....65 1/2 <td>Cleveland & Pittsburg.....97 1/2 </td>	Cleveland & Pittsburg.....97 1/2
Express.....10 1/2 <td>Chicago & North-western.....93 1/2 </td>	Chicago & North-western.....93 1/2
Wells & Fargo.....3 1/2 <td>Chicago & North-western.....93 1/2 </td>	Chicago & North-western.....93 1/2
American.....40 1/2 <td>Western pref'd.....102 1/2 </td>	Western pref'd.....102 1/2
United States.....100 1/2 <td>Cleveland & Toledo.....97 1/2 </td>	Cleveland & Toledo.....97 1/2
Merchants' U.....11 1/2 <td>Rock Island.....120 1/2 </td>	Rock Island.....120 1/2
Railroad.....100 1/2 <td>St. Paul.....120 1/2 </td>	St. Paul.....120 1/2
Erie.....100 1/2 <td>St. Paul & Northern Pacific.....120 1/2 </td>	St. Paul & Northern Pacific.....120 1/2
Hudson.....100 1/2 <td>St. Paul & Northern Pacific.....120 1/2 </td>	St. Paul & Northern Pacific.....120 1/2
Reading.....100 1/2 <td>St. Paul & Northern Pacific.....120 1/2 </td>	St. Paul & Northern Pacific.....120 1/2

Liverpool Cotton—June 9, 2 p.m.
Market continues quiet but firm; uplands, 11 1/2; Orleans, 12 1/2; sales for the day, 10,000 bales. Shipments to Bombay, to the 4th inst., 80,000 bales.

MARRIED.
PADDISON-BARNETT.—In this city, on the evening of the 8th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Hanson, Mr. Edward W. Paddison to Miss Stella C. Barnett.

Thus, it will be seen that Ed. and "Pasa" have also answered Cupid's roll-call; and we assure our reader that in choosing Edward as her guide through the life and happiness of life, she could not have done better. A noble, brave and generous heart has given her, and in possessing that, she has a gift but few can equal.

And you, too, Edward, have obtained a prize—one of beauty, intelligence and good heart; one who will ever provide comfort in your sorrowful hours; cheer you on your wearisome journey of life, and who will add grace, happiness and pleasure to all your efforts.

Accept our heartfelt desires for your future happiness, prosperity and long-life. Ye are well mated, such as to make

"The joys of marriage the heaven on earth,
Life's paradise, great princes, the soul's quiet,
Shadows of concord, earthly immortality,
Eternity of pleasures." M.

Special Notices.
The Healing Pool.—An essay for young men on the crime of solitude, and the diseases and abuses which create impediments to marriage, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. Skillin Houghton, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. 75-150

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS
GRAND PIC-NIC
FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE
Jewish Orphan Asylum,
AT JAMES' PARK.
On Wednesday, June 16, 1899.
THE PARK WILL BE ILLUMINATED
on the night of June 15 and 16, 1899.
New Memphis Theater.
MR. HENRY FARMER
HAS THE PLEASURE TO ANNOUNCE
that, at the request of many friends, he will give another GRAND
Vocal and Instrumental Concert
Friday Evening, June 11, assisted by
Miss Gonsky, Mr. Lee West, Mr. Hallen-
berg, Mr. Tomlinson, and others, in an en-
tirely new programme.
Tickets, 10c. Box-office at E. Katzen-
bach's, 317 Main street. Seats can be secured
in advance.
Fishing Excursions
TO TEN-MILE BAYOU.
MEMPHIS & LITTLE ROCK R. R.
LEAVE: Daily, at the foot of Union
7 a.m. RETURN: 4 p.m.
Fare for round trip (including ferris) \$1.25.
Tickets for sale at all railroad offices.
No excursion tickets sold on the train. 50

TO THE AFFLICTED!
DR. J. B. SCARBOROUGH
HAS ARRIVED IN MEMPHIS, AND
will remain an indefinite period for
the purpose of treating VENEREAL DISEASES,
SYPHILIS, DROPSY and DYSPPEPSIA. He
promises to cure, SYPHILIS permanently
without the use of mercury, pledging himself
to pay all the expenses of treatment should he
fail to effect a cure in cases where his directions
are implicitly followed. In the case of SYPHILIS,
Dropsy and Dyspepsia, he considers his treat-
ment the most efficient and quickest known
to the medical world. Dr. Scarborough
was raised in West Tennessee, and in an ex-
tensive practice of many years, has not
failed in a single case to make a perfect cure in
the treatment of Venereal Diseases, and in
much less time than is generally required.
Satisfactory references given.
Office, No. 227 Second st., up-stairs.
84-55

Important Notice
— TO —
JOB PRINTERS
— AND —
RAILROAD COMPANIES.
A COUPON TICKET PRINTING AND
Numbering Press, Sanford, Harron &
Co's patent. The only one, with exclusive
right to use it in the South. Prints and num-
bers 50,000 tickets daily, requiring but one
man's labor. This valuable press will be sold
at the Sun Office, 38 Jefferson street, Memphis,
Tennessee, at 11 o'clock a.m. 50

TUESDAY, JUNE 15, 1899.
Terms cash. C. P. NORRIS, Trustee.
To Manufacturers and Others.
WE HAVE FOR RENT IN THE NAVY
Yard a building admirably suited for any
kind of
Manufacturing Establishment.
Which we will lease for a term of years, very
low. We have also
STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER.
Which can go with the building if desired.
1220 H. MONSARRAT & CO.
Real Estate Brokers.
W. E. CRAVER'S
Photograph Gallery,
No. 290 Main Street,
(CLARK'S MARBLE BLOCK.)
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.
NOTICE
IS HEREBY GIVEN TO POLICY-HOLD-
ers of the Delta Insurance and Trust Com-
pany, that said company has discontinued the
insurance business, and re-insured all out-
standing risks in the People's Insurance
Company. All parties having business with
the Delta Insurance and Trust Company will
call at the office of the People's Company, at
No. 14 Madison street.
WM. M. FARRINGTON,
Pres't Delta Ins. and Trust Co.

WALKER BROS. & CO.,
No. 229 Main Street,
HAVE ON HAND
THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST STOCK OF
FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,
Ready-Made Clothing, etc.,
IN THE CITY.
Go there for Bargains! Cut this out for Reference!
REMEMBER THE PLACE.
229 MAIN STREET.
WILLIAM ORGILL, EDMUND ORGILL, G. L. DENISON, A. S. M'NEAR.
ORGILL BROS. & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, ETC.,
Nos. 310 and 312 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, - - - TENNESSEE.
A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF
Foreign and Domestic Hardware.
WE ARE DIRECT IMPORTERS OF ALL OUR FOREIGN GOODS. WE PURCHASE
our Domestic Goods from the manufacturers. We are enabled to offer great advantages
to the trade. We are Sole Agents in Memphis for the
Gullet Steel-Brush Cotton Gin; also, Backey's Reapers and Mowers,
Harvin & Co.'s greatly celebrated Fire and Burglar Proof Safes,
Borghum Mills, Bradford's (Glennville) Wheat and Corn Mills.
And many other articles too numerous to mention. Agricultural Implements in great variety.
We sell and deliver all kinds of Hay, Wheat, Threshers, etc.
40-TERMS CASH, OR SHORT CITY ACCEPTANCE. 61-121

AMUSEMENTS.
Varieties Theater,
Cor. Main and Washington Sts.
CHAS. H. H. BROOM, Proprietor.
CHARLEY WHITE, Stage Manager.
Open Every Night,
With a first-class Variety Company and the
French
CAN-CAN.
Admission, 50c; Private Boxes, 85c.
55-1
"WILLETTS,"
No. 37 Adams Street.
Billiard and Bowling Rooms
The most elegant and complete Estab-
lishment of the kind in the Mississippi Valley.
The Tables and Billiard are new, and of
the most approved pattern and make.
We guarantee Private Parlors for gentlemen.
The Wine and Liquor are of the best quality.
125-1
J. H. WILLETTS & CO.
LEOPOLD GOEPEL,
IMPORTER, MANUFACTURER AND
Wholesale Dealer in all kinds of
Musical Merchandise
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Piano Warerooms, 375 Main St.
Wholesale and retail agents for the sale of
Wm. Knabe & Co.'s
CELEBRATED
GOLD MEDAL PIANO FORTES.
Constantly on hand, a complete assort-
ment of Pianos, Melodeons, Harmoniums, and
Cabinet Organs, from the best makers. Every
instrument fully warranted.
Remember the place,
No. 375 Main Street,
65-54 (Jackson Block).
Ice Cream, Strawberries,
—AND—
SODA WATER.
B. Rocco,
216 Main St., cor. of Adams,
HAS OPENED HIS SALOON FOR LA-
dies and gentlemen, where all of the above
articles can be had of the best and purest. He
has the finest silver soda fountain in the city;
also, a large and varied stock of confectionery
of all descriptions. 57-14
DR. RUSSELL'S
Dispensary and Infirmary,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.
DR. RUSSELL'S DISPENSARY AND
Infirmary, the largest and oldest institu-
tion of the kind in the Southwest, established
in 1859, pleasantly located at Nos. 48 and 50
North side of Court Square, Memphis, Ten-
nessee, is open for the reception of patients de-
siring treatment and the comforts of a home while
receiving the same. Patients also treated at
the office or by letter, if desired.
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, Paralysis,
Deafness, Pits, Consumption, Syphilis, Skin
Diseases, Spasmodic, Impotency, and all
the diseases arising from the influence of
youth permanently cured. Also, Chronic Dis-
eases in all their forms effectually cured at the
above named institution.
DR. RUSSELL, Consulting Physician,
has treated on Chronic Diseases furnished
free on application.
ROYSTER, TREBIVANT & CO.
AUCTIONEERS,
N. E. Corner of Main and Jefferson Streets.
Daily Sales at 9 o'clock a.m.
JOSEPH SPECHT'S
Beautiful Ice-Cream Saloon,
No. 72 Madison St., IS RE-OPENED.
Where the best quality of Ice-cream, Cake,
Soda Water, etc., will be served, and will be
by polite and attentive waiters. 58-5
Mississippi Valley Navigation Co.
of the South and West.
Office No. 12 Jefferson street, Memphis, Tenn.
Capital Stock.....\$1,000,000
Shares.....500,000 each.
BOOKS FOR SUBSCRIPTION TO THE
annual stock of the Company are open at
this office, where parties may subscribe either
in money or lands.
F. Y. ROCKETT, Agent.